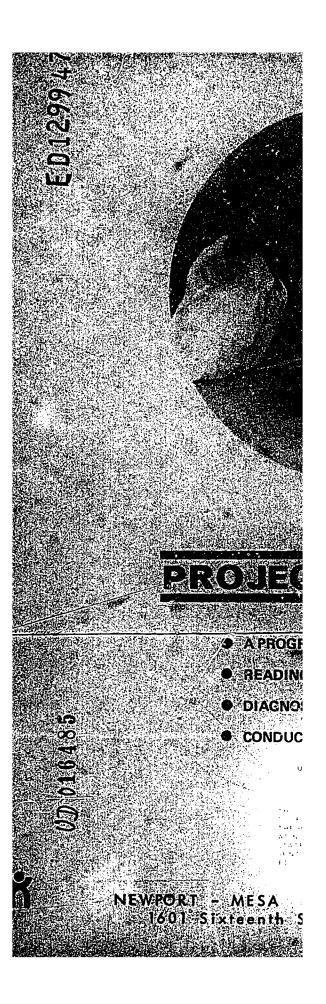
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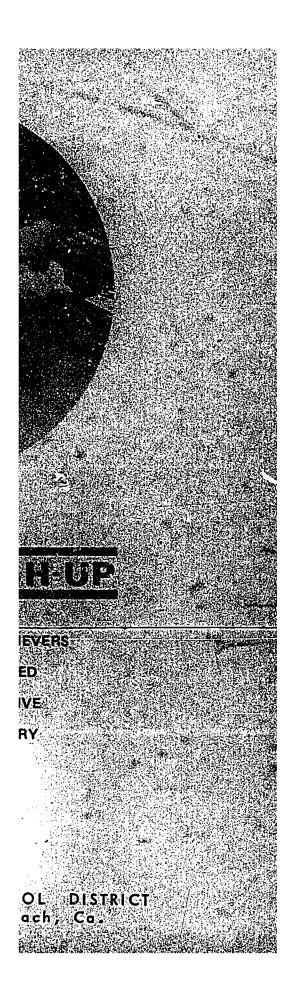
ABSTRACT

Project Catch-Up, an ESEA Title I program, operates in Newport Beach and in Costa Mesa, California. It is said to be designed to provide remedial instruction in reading and arithmetic to underachieving children, kindergarten through sixth grade, in schools serving low socioeconomic level suburban areas. Among its key features are the following: (1) instruction takes place in colorful and well-equipped laboratories; (2) teachers, instructional aides, and parent aides are part of the instructional staff, and staff members work four hours a day; (3) one teacher is responsible for no more than 18 students; (4) children participate in daily half-hour sessions on about a ratio of 3 students to 1 teacher; (5) children work with materials different from those used in regular classrooms; (6) students work at their own pace on materials geared to their own needs and abilities; and (7) student progress is measured by continuous criterion referenced testing and pre- and posttesting on normative levels. Project components that are discussed in this brochure and guide are project philosophy, interfaculty relations, staff quality, inservice training, teacher management calendar, student selection, successful project techniques, parent involvement, instructional materials, instructional equipment, testing of children, and reporting of results to parents. (Author/AM)

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NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT 1601 Sixteenth Street Newport Beach, California 92660 (714) 556-3300

AWARENESS BROCHURE

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October 1975



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3 -1This package has been prepared by the staff of Project Catch-Up, a Title One program funded by the United States Office of Education under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, in the hope that some aspect of the program may be of service in other schools.

Project observation is welcomed each Friday and hands-on in-service with equipment, materials and evaluation instruments is available on Saturdays. The staff welcomes inquires.

> Fay Harbison Project Director

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OVERVIEW

WE ARE

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Project Catch-Up operates in Newpart Beach and in Costa Mesa, Califarnia where it began in 1966 supparted by Title 1. It is designed to provide remedial instruction in reading and arithmetic to underachieving children in schaals serving law sacia-economic level suburban areas. Underachiever is defined as possessing reading ar math skills which measure in the lowest quartile on standardized tests.

Now in its tenth year of operation, Project Catch-Up has served several thousand racially and ethnically heterageneous children in kindergarten through grade 6 in laborataries which are large, attractive, and replete with high interest materials. It is offered by a special staff of certificated part-time teachers and instructianal assistants.

THEN Project Catch-Up started under a tree, in a closet, and on a stage because that was the space available. It started with ane teacher making her territary, even though small, attractive and inviting to children. It started by laaking for the skills children had missed somewhere alang the way in their schaaling, and finding materials and methods to help them master those skills and approaching a salutian.

> Today, Project Catch-U, has cotarful classroom size laborataries with same of the newest high interest instructional materials and teaching machines available. The staffs are larger, the budget more relaxed - but the essence of the pragram is the same. The majar emphasis is placed an diagnosis af learning prablems, prescribing individual learning, affering instruction in a lab, emplaying part-time veteran teachers, depending upon instructional assistants, including parents, far special tasks in cultural lessons.

Because the project worked when we had the tiniest of laboratories, some unventilated, some unheated, and because it worked on a most limited budget, we believe that it can be reproduced anywhere some space can be lacated that can be called a laboratary, where some materials can be scrounged fram the schaal and the cammunity, and where an experienced teacher has an affectian for children and an averriding belief that each can learn and will accept the challenge.

If there is any part of aur project that interests you, we would like to invite you to visit.

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VISITATION

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OVERVIEW - continued

KEY FEATURES

Praject Catch-Up serves kindergarten through sixth grade with reading and math instruction for those children needing the mast help.

Instruction takes place in calarful, well-equipped laborataries.

Teachers, instructional aides, and parent aides are all part of the instructional staff.

Staff members wark faur haurs per day.

One teacher is respansible far na mare than 18 students.

Children participate in daily half-haur sessions an about a ratia of 3 students to 1 teacher.

Children wark with materials different from thase used in regular classraams.

Students wark at their awn pace an materials geared to their awn needs and abilities.

Student pragress is measured by cantinuaus criterian referenced testing and pre and past testing an narmative tests .

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PHILOSOPHY

The most difficult element to describe in any project is the philosophy, simply because we all react differently to words or the terms themselves have a hundred meanings.

When our staff talks about a positive program, enthusiastic staff members and individualization, they are using the same abstract terms used in many projects. Therefore, to make it easier for interested persons to identify what our staff members are talking about, our teachers offer the following information.



POSITIVE PERSUASION	A positive approach is one in which the laboratory contains no elements of the ordinary discipline found in any classroom.
INDIVIDUALIZATION	Individualization means that the instructional pro- gram becomes a very personal arrangement between the child and his teacher. As the teacher gains more and more information about the student through criterion testing in reading and math, she becomes better able to select effective activities to be car- ried out with her, on an instructional machine, or by working with special instructional materials. Because the teacher has the same assigned children all year, she can make individualization a fact rather than a goal.
ENTHUSIASM	Project Catch-Up children look forward to coming to the laboratory because staff members are enthusi- astic, consistently cheerful and consistently attentive to each child. The children want to come and want to do their best while there for no other reason than to please the teacher.

PHILOSOPHY - cantinued

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AFFECTION	We recommend affectian withaut embarrassment simply because same af aur children have experi- enced preciaus little at it. A smile, a hand, a ward af praise – they all mave mauntains.
DISCIPLINE TECHNIQUES	We say we have na discipline problems and it is almast true. It didn't happen by accident. Re- member, Praject Catch-Up draws the children wha have been failing the most cansistently in the entire schaal system.
	Therefare, the children approach the labaratary and their assigned teacher with the same fears and negative vibes they have always experienced, but the fact that they are working in a cheerful laboratary in a ane-ta-one ar a very small graup situatian changes enough af the elements af the regular classroom to enable the child for the first time perhaps in his life, to feel confortable, accepted, and mast important - successful.
	If three children cannat wark effectively tagether, they are placed in separate groups; but rarely daes a staff member have discipline problems with such small numbers.
	Try "inviting" a naisy student ta return ta his class and came back "tamarraw when he feels like wark- ing." Try giving help alane ta the ane bay wha cavers his embarrassment af nat knawing answers by "clawning." Try all the positive persuasian tech- niques you already knaw. They wark!
SUCCESS MINDED	Why caunt the wrang answers? We dan't say "That's wrang." In the laboratary we bend aver backwards nat ta say "That's wrang." After all, children have heard that all their lives.
	When a child says twa plus twa is five, the teacher can ask, "Is it possible there is anather answer?" Then she and the child tackle that prablem again.
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PHILOSOPHY - cantinued

SUCCESS MINDED (cant'd)	In this atmosphere, where the child is daing his utmost to succeed at all times, the teacher is able to analyze his difficulties and pinpaint the very weaknesses that have made him unsuccessful in acquiring skills at a named rate. We avaid the word "na" whenever we can. Un- fartunately habit tells us to use "na" in dealing with children, possibly because af the incessant requests. Let us suggest banning the word "na" far a day at a time ar a week at a time to see just haw many requests can be answered in the affirma- tive.
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INTER-FACULTY RELATIONS

In the beginning, the relationship between Praject Catch-Up (PCU) and the school faculty was nat always the best. This was a surprise to those of us invalved in setting up the praject because we had such faith in its value. We felt the regular staff would be thrilled by the help we affered the slower achievers.

The reason for some faculty resistance is as camplicated as any interhuman problem, but seems ta fall into three basic categories - lack af understanding, time and materials. Do not be discouraged -these can be avercame.



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THE KEY IS UNDERSTANDING	At ane at the first faculty meetings af the year, (PCU) shauld be explained to the entire staff.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The project is designed to help the classroom teacher speed learning of slaw achievers.
	Its purpase is ta fill hales in learning af read- ing and math (a 5th grader learns the 3X table he missed in the third grade.
	Praject time is nat a time ta da regular class wark ar hamewark.
	Praject staff is nat the child's reading ar math teacher and gives na grades .
	The child must be excused fram regular class– raam wark he misses during this time at PCU. Example: If he misses science, he simply gets na grade an the repart card far science.
	The classraum teacher must agree student needs help in reading and math mare than whatever he is missing .
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ÎNTER-FACULTY RELATIONS (cant'd)

THE KEY IS UNDERSTANDING (cant'd)	Praject staff remain subardinate ta classraam. teacher.
	Once in pragram, the child remains the entire year.
	New children are taken anly when a praject child leaves the schaal .
	A wark ratia af 3 ta 1 is generally maintained.
COURTESY AND FLEXIBILITY	Make every effart ta natify teachers and staff im- mediately af any necessary changes af schedule caused by meetings .
	Be punctual about sending children back ta class.
	Remember schoal activities (field trips, assemblies) came befare praject needs.
	Key wards – notify, thank yau, praise, apalogize for the extra wark the praject may cause any staff member from custadian ta principal.
	If you make someone unhappy, take the first step back towards friendship.
	Children will cantinue caming ta you fram all classes; stay friends with all their teachers.
SCHEDULING	Ask what periods wauld be best ta take students fram a certain class.
	Try ta take all students from ane classroom at the same periad ta avaid upsetting classrooms mare than necessary
	After campleting schedules, send a capy ta each teacher and to any ather staff member invalved.
	Plan a time during the day when yau will see all teachers an an informal basis, perhaps lunch ar recess.
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INTER-FACULTY RELATIONS (cont'd) Our materials are nat allowed to be shared by the BONE OF CONTENTION regular classroam teachers. There is no easy way to avoid hard feeling except ta state the truth - "We cannot take the chance af lasing the entiré pragram by sharing our materials." We are not allawed to have these materials autside this laboratory. We would love to say "you're welcome" when asked \mathcal{O} for a loan, but we can't. 37

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STAFF

The quality of the staff insures the success of any project. In Project Catch-Up, this is more than a truism. If the project cannot be initiated with at least one fail-safe teacher who prefers to work an a part time basis, its chance for success is endangered.

Teachers with a creative flare for stimulating children with learning deficiencies are the nucleus af the laboratory staff. They are arganized by a Lead Teacher and are assisted by instructianal assistants (non-certificated persannel) and by parent associates - valunteers recruited after the children have been identified.



LEAD TEACHERS

TEACHERS

Are fail-safe teachers.

Caordinate staff effarts. Assist with in-service training. Accamplish all tasks af teachers.

Create a positive attitude af canfidence in students. Establish clase personal relationships with-students. Contact classraam teacher to schedule students.

Train and farm an efficient work relationship with aides.

Invalve parents in the project.

Understand principals of criterion referenced instruction.

Operate identified teaching machines. Find a variety of salutions for learning difficulties. Arrange schedules and equipment sa laboratory time is used most effectively.

Diagnose and prescribe far individual children.

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STAFF (cont'd) TEACHERS (cont'd) Respect ather cultures. Accept accountability. Participate in all in-service activities. INSTRUCTIONAL ASSISTANTS Wark as a member of a team. Participate in all in-service activities. Wark with individual children and small groups. Work with Title I teachers in scheduling 12 children far the labaratory. PARENT ASSOCIATES Establish a rapport with students. Fallow instructions of the teacher in monitoring student activity. Contribute ideas far cultural programs. A FAIL-SAFE TEACHER IS A realist. A diplamat. A veteran af praven ability to work effectively in teaching children to read. A person who cares and believes any child can learn in a proper environment. SERVICE HOURS Teachers and assistants serve 4 hours per day. Parents work from 3 to 10 haurs per week. 15

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IN-SERVICE TRAINING

In-service training is a very important part of Project Catch-Up. Even though the nucleus of every "lab" is a "fail safe" teacher, it is necessary for them, as well as the new people who come into the program, to be able to solve the problems and the issues they meet daily in the laboratories. In order to do this, we call on others to fill the gaps in whatever areas are necessary.



STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Training sessions begin two weeks preceding the start up of the project (sessions lasting no longer than four hours per day).

Tapics should include: Project philosophy, identifying students, scheduling students, cooperating with entire school's staff, arranging the laboratories, using instructional techniques, matching materials to objectives, selecting and purchasing materials, conducting the evaluation and parent participation.

At the conclusion of the two weeks training, at least five days should be given for organization of the laboratory and ordinary supplies before testing and selectian of students begins.

Bi-Monthly in-service meetings for the entire Project Catch-Up staff are needed to plan activities to evaluate and to solve prablems.

Consultants ore often called in to present ways of improving reading, language and math skills. Invited representatives of companies may display the latest materials relating to the project. Meeting at different laboratories helps give ideas to the staff.

When several schools are included, short monthly meetings of lead teachers (not over two hours) are of value in keeping project progressing smoothly.





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IN-SERVICE TRAINING (cont'd)

STAFF AND SCHOOL

PARENTS

At least once a year, a program should be planned to help train all in some field in which they all need help. This technique has been used as an opportunity to acquaint the entire school, staff and parents in the cultural heritage of many of Project Catch-Up students.

A list of films and materials can be compiled which meets the needs of these groups.

At least three parent in-services are held yearly. These are usually held in the laboratory during the morning.

Parents assist in ways to help their children learn at home and acquainting them with ways in which their children learn. Parents who speak another language and are

new to the country are made to feel welcome and are encouraged to take part in school activities.

Survival English classes are held weekly for all parents who do not speak English.

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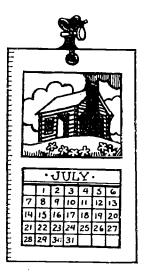
TEACHER MANAGEMENT CALENDAR

All staff members in Praject Catch-Up are instructional managers wha share and are held accountable far many types of responsibilities:

Achieving the gaal af helping each student ta make progress in reading and/ar math;

Arranging student schedules, materials and equipment sa that student time in the laboratary is used effectively;

Diagnasing each child's weaknesses, prescribing apprapriate experiences and materials, warking individually with children, and varying the made af instruction whenever ane approach fails.



BEFORE SCHOOL STARTS	Meet with principal and staff informally. Set up laboratary: Organize materials and equipment Inventary supplies.	
FIRST WEEK	Meet with regular classraam teachers ta compile list af patential laboratary students and make schedule far testing. Explain Title I pragram ta new teachers. Begin standardized testing af patential students.	
SECOND WEEK	Camplete standardized testing af students. Selectian af students from test results. Send letters hame ta parents: Extend invitatian ta the laboratary. Schedule initial parent meeting. Shaw children around the labaratary ta establish rappart. Organize laboratory schedule sa each staff member knaws days he has priarity in use af equipment. -16-	

(cant'd)	
THIRD WEEK	Finalize schedule far each student: Initiate Criterian after canference with teachers as ta mast canvenient times far students ta be taken fram their raams. Try ta take all participating students fram class- raams at the same periad, making minimum inter- ruptians af that classraam's activities.
	Select available materials best suited to each stu- dent's individual program needs. Meet with parents and discuss the purpose, goals and past record of the program. Shaw the laboratory and materials to be used. Parents select advisary committee and elect chairman. (This might be at an evening patluck ar marning caffee)
ON GOING ACTIVITIES	Vary instructional strategy as children became mare canfident. Maintain falders af children's wark, shawing progress in reading and math. Infarmal conferences with teachers af participating students (let classraam teacher da the talking). If
	staff takes break at classraam teacher's break ar lunch periad, daily infarmal cammunicatian is help- ful. Give subtle recagnitian ta each child several times during the year by putting his wark an bulletin board, his picture an baard, singing 'Happy Birthday' ta him,
	letting him shaw same achievement to athers in the laboratary, ar having his classroom teacher ask him ta explain samething he daes to his classmates. Have several activities scheduled throughout the year - chaose an ethnic group fairly dominant at your school to teach other cultural values (example: Mexican Culture)
	One periad af crafts, making samething such as a pinata ar flag. One periad af play acting, such as Las Pasadas. One periad af laoking at Mexican artifacts, study prints, film, slides, ar a period af learning abaut Mexican heroes such as Father Hidalga. 19

TEACHER MANAGEMENT CALENDAR (cont'd)

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TEACHER MANAGEMENT CALENDAR (cont'd)

ON GOING ACTIVITIES (cont'd)

END OF YEAR

Meet with parents and parent volunteers. Have at least two fun evenings or mornings when the entire child's family is invited to participate, such as a fiesta or potluck.

Schedule one day a week to be different from the other four, such as a "game day" when children gather as a group during their period and play educational games with members of the staff and students they are not with regularly.

Several times during the year, review with each student all the ways in which you feel he has progressed.

Honest praise! Each day find something about him worthy of praise, even if it's only his "beautiful smile."

Guard against any unnecessary criticism. Always the number right, not the number wrong. Compare a child only to his past achievements, not to the achievements of other children. Attend in-service meetings.

Complete post testing.

Record results .

Compile reports.

Process orders for the following year:

Supplies

Instructional Materials

Tes ts

Secure a list from each classroom teacher of potential students for the next year's program (this year's teacher will know the students better than next fall's teacher.)

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STUDENTS

Student selectian is based an academic need as determined by standardized tests and teacher abservatian.

In Project Catch-Up, participants have ta place in the lawest quartile in either reading ar math an the chosen narmative test to be enralled in the project. They are allowed to remain until they reach the mean and have retained that position ane semester (18 weeks).



TESTING

THE CLASSROOM TEACHER

PARENT

SCHEDULING

Administer the identified standardized tests according to the schedule:

TOBE - Level L - Kindergarten CTBS - Level B, Farm S - Grade 1 CTBS - Level C, Farm S - Grade 2 CTBS - Level 1, Farm S - Grade 3 CTBS - Level 2, Farm Q - Grades 4-5-6

Children wha fall in the battam quartile are candidates far the pragram.

Selection of students is discussed with homerboam teachers and the building principal.

Parents are natified by means af a letter ta the home.

Preferences of hameraam teachers are taken inta cansideration in setting up the schedule far the laboratory.

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STUDENTS (continued)

STUDENT PROGRESS CHARTS

Whenever possible, spur children on to consistent work effort by allowing them to see positive results of their work.

Eye catching charts of their own achievement provide children with a sense of pride, not only in their own progress, but in the appearance of their laboratory. Both short and long term goals can be charted.

Effective charts display the child in competition with himself, not others.

Clever charts can allow all children to excel in some area: i.e., Sullivan Math, library books read, SRA skill, Singer skill, Criterion Reading, multiplication records, etc.

Rewards of various types are given for specific accomplishments.

Both short and long term personal goals should be charted.

SUCCESSFUL TECHNIQUES

Techniques vary with the make up af a laboratory staff. We use what warks far us, but we recommend these popular activities for yaur special cansideration.



ENVIRONMENT

INVOLVE PARENTS

Teachers create a calarful, bright, enchanting environment ta "welcame" children into the laboratory by:

A cazy furniture arrangement featuring raund tables gives children a feeling af intimacy with teachers as they work individually ar in small graups. Carpets, pillaws, bean bag chairs add ta the infarmal atmosphere and beckan children ta cuddle up in a quiet reading carner and enjay a boak ar stretch aut on the carpet and listen ta staries.

Bulletin boards are exciting and abave all, personal. They announce individual birthdays, have phatagraphs af the children warking in the labaratary, displays af their wark - all af which help enhance the child's self esteem.

Teachers try to have at least ane parent from each participating family invalved in the program in either planning special prajects, participating in inter-graup activities, ar taking part in same activity designed to enable the parent to became an integral part of the education of the child.

If a parent wants to help, we instruct them before or after school in pracedures, in manitoring and aperating the machines, listening to children read, playing same af the instructional games, etc. Interested parents are usually willing to help all the children - not just their awn.

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SUCCESSFUL TECHNIQUES (continued)

AUTHOR'S TEA

FAMILY POT LUCKS

VISITATION DAY

INTERNATIONAL FAIR

GUEST DAY

At the end of the year you might have an author's tea. Each child has his creative staries typed and bound into a book. He does his own illustrations. The parents are invited to come to meet the "young authors," to listen to them read from their own book and have tea. Many of our parents have come to the laboratory to help bind the books with clath. Parents are encouraged to provide a special place at hame to show the book as both parent and child have warked an it together.

One af the main events invalving aur parents is a family pat luck. Praject Catch-Up hosts ane ta three a year. The children give a pragram, usually dancing ar singing and sharing things they have learned. The events are very well attended, even drawing parents wha usually hesitate ta come ta schaal. It is a sacial accasian and an appartunity far the teachers ta became acquainted with families and an appartunity for the children to feel successful and proud of their accamplishments.

Teachers invite parents to visit the laboratory when their child is present. Some come just to watch and learn how and some to help.

At the International Fair, children af different ethnic backgraunds share aspects of their native heritage to English speaking children sa that they will gain mare understanding af another culture. Parents assist in making castumes, making and selling faads at a baoth and advertising the event to other parents.

Teachers da many things ta enhance the child's esteem. One af the little things we da is ta have each Title I child invite his regular class ta visit the laboratary far a special pragram. This year the praject spansored a "mime" Fiesta in which every Title I child participated in the program and could invite his regular teacher and classmates.



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SUCCESSFUL TECHNIQUES (continued)

GAME DAY	Friday is game day. All games are instructional – reading, language arts, or math. Games encourage children to give verbal answers and share feelings. Games are fun situations which can teach reading or arithmetic. Children look forward to seeing the children progress in sportsman- ship, rule following, turn taking, and group par- ticipation. This is a good day to mix children with those whom they are not usually working. It is a good way to break down cultural barriers allowing children from different cultures to play together.
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PARENTS

When the parents are involved, children learn faster and have greater retention. Furthermore, when the family and the school are working in agreement, the child knows what is expected of him in terms of both behavior and academic study, and a harmonious parent-child relationship is developed.



INVOLVEMENT	A majority of the Project Catch-Up parents have never been in the school. They are often surprised and usually relieved when they visit Project Catch- Up and find they do not have to discuss problems.
MORE PARENT INVOLVEMENT	 How to involve parents and make them like it: Send letters inviting parents to participate in a specific program, Send special invitations made by the children to their parents, Organize parent volunteers to share special skills and interest about their culture in the laboratory, Encourage parents to join the school advisory committee, Ask parents to help chaperone field trips and to assist teachers with periodic parties in the classroom, Solicit cultural ideas from parents for study in the classroom. Parents are one of the best sources for instilling pride of heritage in the children, Parent Advisory Board keeps a communication link open between the home and the school stiff through meetings, Help the children prepare a cultural luncheon and invite parents, Assist the children in making cards for illnesses at home.
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INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Project Catch-Up can be conducted with only a pencil and paper or even a stick . and sand to serve as instructional material. It needs a fail-safe teacher, a student with reading or math deficiences, a little time and a private place where they may meet on a regular daily basis. Some of our 'labs' began this way the first year . . . simply with a teacher with a suitcase wandering from one empty corner to another. It wasn't ideal. However, it did work! As the years passed, more materials and more adequate space has been provided.

The following is a list of instructional materials purchased over a period of years which our teachers have found most valuable. The materials are not used as complete programs, but as resources to meet specific needs.



INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS	~		
ltem	Approximate Price	Vendor	Advantages
Individualized Scholastic Reading	\$9.00 each approx \$139-	Scholastic Book Svce 904 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632	High interest Follow-up activities suggested Paper back form Wide range ability level
Criterion Reading	\$ 20.00 set (4 levels)	Random House School Division, Order Entry Westminster MD 21157	Criterion Reference Instruction
SRA Reading and Math Program Materials Grades 1–6	\$ 80–115 kit Workbooks 55¢ ea	Science Research Assoc. 259 East Erie Street Chicago, Illinois 60611	Emphasis on compre- hension Emphasis on word families Short and high interest

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INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

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ltem	Approximate Price	Vendor	Advantages
Specific Skills (Barnell-Loft)	\$ 80.00	Barnell Loft 958 Church Street Baldwin, L.I., N.Y. 11510	Short lessons for specific reading skills
Open Court Language Arts Program	150.00	Open Court Pub. Co. P.O. Box 599 La Salle, Illinois 61301	Teaches reading through phonetics Good for word attack skills
Lippincott Beginning Reading Program	250.00	J. B. Lippincott P.O. Box 7777 Philadelphia, PA 19175	Teaches phonetics with bright, colorful, manipulative materials
Phonovisual Products Inc.	Workbooks-65c ea Games-2.50 and up	Phonovisual Prod. Inc. 12216 Parktown Drive Rockville, Md. 30852	Workbooks, games increase reading skills Materials for specific skills easily found
Sullivan Basal Reading and Math	\$ 1.99 each unit 59.00 series	Behavorial Research Laboratories P.O. Box 577 Palo Alto, CA 94302	Programmed learning series Student moves at own rate
Games Phonics Rummy Phonics We Use Sea of Vowels	Various	Lyons Carnehan , Chicago Ker.worthy Games Ideal	Creates high interest and makes learning fun
Singer Math Drill	64.00 per kit (4 in all)	L. W. Singer Co. Menlo Park CA	Diagnostic individual math instruction
Sullivan Programmed Reading	\$ 75.00	McGraw-Hill Book Co. 8171 Redwood Hwy Novato CA 94947	Individualized pro- grammed reading Soft cover math
Peabody Language Kit	\$ 60.00	Peabody	Stimulating language development in Spanish Children respond to vivid materials

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INSTRUCTIONAL EQUIPMENT

Our labs have a variety of new, interesting, easy to use, child-proof, teacher-proof teaching machines. They are effective. . . they work.

We suggest that when you have a few dallars, you might consider buying these items one at a time.

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	INSTRUCTIONAL EQUIPMENT	· · ·	· ·	
	ltem	Appraximate Price	Vendar	Use
	Systems 80 Borg–Warner	\$30.00 year rental far machine. Each kit af records casts appraximately \$225	Haffman Infarmatianal Systems 5623 Peck Road Arcadia CA 91006	High interest Audia–Visual appraach Teacher supervisian unnecessary Children learn independently
:	Language Master	\$ 250.00	H.F. Milliran Ca. 1331 E. Warner Santa Ana CA 92705	Easy ta use Calar caded cantrals Student recards awn pragress
:	Cycla Teacher	\$ 50.00	Encyclapedia Brit- tannica Ed. Carp. 425 N. Michigan Ave Chicaga III. 60611	Self instructian Reinfarces immediately with carrect answer in math and reading
	Cassette Player Madel 3081 Bell & Hawell	\$ 100.00	Bell & Hawell 7235 N. Linden Ave. Skakie, III. 60076	Useful far small graup instructian Tape staries Practice phanic saunds Children can tape dialague for puppet
	*	29		shaws



INSTRUCTIONAL EQUIPMENT (continued)

	ltem	Арр	raximate Price	Vendar	Use
	Film Strip Viewers	\$	100.00	Any audia-visual materials campany	Excellent far small graup instructian Variety of materials available
	Recard Player	\$	100.00	Any audia-visual materials campany	Useful far individual instructian Backgraund music far quiet study
	Primary Typewriter Rayal	S .	250.00	Royal Typewriter Ca. Divisian af Littan Ind. 150 New Park Ave Hartfard, Cann.06106	Material written in English by typing Pramate language activity
	Tachistascape	\$	125.00	Phata and Saund 870 Manterey Pass Rd Manterey Park CA 91754	For carrectian af perceptual prablems Drill an basic wards
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wided by ERIC	•		-20-		

CHOOSING MATERIALS FOR SKILL AREAS

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS	CRITERION SKILL AREA
Individualized Scholastic Reading	Comprehension
Criterion Reading	Tests all skill areas of reading
SRA Reading and Math Program Materials	ReadingMathComprehensionNumber ConceptsPhonology SkillsComputational Skills
Specific Skills (Barnell Loft)	Comprehension
Open Court Language Arts\Program	Phonology Skills
Lippincott Beginning Reading Program	Comprehension Audiotory Motor Skills Visual Motor Skills Motor Skills Phonology Skills Structural Analysis Skills Verbal Information Skills
Phonovisual Products Inc.	Phonology Skills
Sullivan Basal Reading and Math	Reading <u>Math</u> Phonology Skills Number Concepts Computation
Games Phonics Rummy Phonics We Use Sea of Vowels	Phonology Skills Structurol Analysis Skills Verbal Information Skills Visual Motor Skills
Singer Math Drill	Computational Skills
Sullivan Programmed Reading	Phonology Skills Comprehension Structural Analysis Skills
Peabody Language Kit	Motor Skills Visual Motor Skills Auditory Motor Skills Verbal Information Skills Comprehension
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RECOMMENDED INITIAL PURCHASES FOR A NEW LAB

Individualized Scholastic Perdine	Sustana 80
Individualized Scholastic Reading 1 kit	Systems 80
	Math – Level B, C, D
	Reading – Level A, B, C, D
Criterion Reading	Language Master
2 books for each child (1 pretest and	1 machine with set of blank cards
i workbook)	
Level I – grade I	
Level 2 – grades 2–3	Cyclo Teacher
Level 3 – grades 4–6	1 kit
Level 4 – grades 7–8	
SRA Reading Kit – Ia	Tutor Teacher
lla 2.5 – 4.5	lkit
SRA Math Kit – Primary	
Barnell Loft	Cassette Player
lkit	1 machine
Choose 1 of these:	
(a) Lippincott	Filmstrip Viewer
l set for each 1st grader	l machine
(b) Open Court	1
Blue Book - 1.0 1 book for each child	
Gold Book - 1,5	Record Player
1 book for each child	1 machine
Hardback books for each level	ч 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Phonovisual	Typewriter
l set of workbooks (don't write in books)	1 machine
Sullivan Reading	
l series for grades 1–4	Tachistoscope
Sullivan Math	1 machine
l series for grades 1–6	Level Kit
(don't write in books)	
Games – Choose games for specific skill area	s
Singer Math	
Kit Level AA – grades 2–5	
Peabody – Kit Level I	
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EVALUATION

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The children are pre and post tested to provide documented information on the growth of each child and to plan a program based on individual needs. Criterion testing is completed throughout the year in small segments adapted to the individual child's progress.

Norm Achievement Tests	Grade Level	Strength	Weakness	Results Measured In	Adminis- tration	Purchase From
TOBE Level' K	Pre-School	Can be given in small groups	Has to be translated by teacher into Spanish No grade equivalent	Raw Standard Percentile Stanine	Small Groups	CTB/McGraw– Hill, Del Monte Research Park, Monterey CA 93940
TOBE Level L	Kindergarten	Can be given in small groups	Has to be translated by teacher into Spanish No grade equivalent	Raw Standard Percentile Stanine	Small Groups	Same as above
Bettye Caldwell	Pre-School	English and Spanish Versions	Has to be given indi- vidually	Raw	Indi- vidual	Cooperative Test & Svces, Educa- tional Testing Svces, Princeton N. J. or Berkeley California
CTBS Level A Form S	Kindergarten or 1	Given to group Children can write in booklet Attractive and easy to follow	No grade equivalent Good for beginning 1st grade Easy for most groups Not enough growth shown if used at end of 1st grade	Raw Standard	Group	CTB/McGraw- Hill, Del Monte Research Park, Monterey CA 93940
CTBS Level B Form S	Grade 1	Given to group Children can write in booklet Attractive and easy to follow	Hard for beginning 1st graders	Raw Standard Grade Equ Percentile Stanine	Group	Same as above
CTBS Level C Form S	Grades 2–3	Given to group Children can write in booklet Attractive and easy to follow	Big advancement from A to C	Same as Above	Group	Same as above
CTBS Level I Form S CTBS Level II	Grades 4-5	Scoreze for fast scoring		Same as Above	Group	Same as above
Form Q	Grades 4-7	Same as above	31-	Same	Group	Same as above

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EVALUATION - cantinued

Criterian Tests	Grade Level	Strength	Weakness	Results Measured In	Adminis tratian	Purchase Fram
Randam Hause Criterian Reading	Adaptable ta all grade levels	Workbooks far fallaw-up exer- cises Identifies speci- fic weakness	Nat enaugh fallaw–up exercises Gets baring for alder children	Raw	Graups	Randam Hause Schaal Division Order Entry Westminster MD 21157
Sullivan Math Pragram Placemen T TEST	Same as abave	Small increments af math skills Gaad camputa– tian drill	Boring after a while for same students Just deals with campu- tations	Raw Percentile	Indi- vidual	McGraw-Hill Boak Ca. 8171 Redwaad Hwy Navata CA 94947



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REPORTING RESULTS

Every Project Catch-Up student is successful in meeting individualized criterian referenced abjectives. Mast make autstanding progress an normative tests. Let them and their parents know and their successes will multiply.

Results are reparted in easy to understand terms, either numbers of new skills acquired as measured by criterian referenced tests or months of growth for each month spent in the program as measured by norm referenced tests. Regardless of the pattern you chaose, repart aften. Parents want to know good news.

тО	WHAT	WHEN
The Classraam Teacher	Results af pre and post testing an each af her participating students in chart farm.	Late Spring
		:
Parents	Results of criterion referenced testing	Frequently
	Results af narmative testing in grade level equivalents	Late Spring
Students	Results af criterian referenced testing	Frequently
	Results af narmative testing in grade level equivalents	Late Spring
Parent Advisary Cammittee	Results af criterian referenced tests	Periodically
	A lunchean, dinner ar caffee is suggested at end af the year at which time all praject results are reparted in grade level medians ta the cammittee.	Late Spring
Board af Educatian	The Project Directar campiles a camplete repart af narmative test gains interpreted in grade level equivalents.	Late Spring
State Department af Educatian	A detailed report as required by the State Department of Compensatory Education.	Late Spring

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11:30 - 12:00 Grade 5	Need Materials Barry #7 Barnell Jean #7 Barnell Rita #7 Barnell	Barry #7 SRA Jean #6 SRA Rita #7 SRA	Creative Writing in preparation for Author's Tea	Barry # 4 Sullivan Jean # 4 Math Rita # 4 Math	Game Day Math Game
11:00 - 11:30 Grade 4	Paul #3 Sullivan Angie #3 Reading Jimmy #3	Paul # 4 Singer Math Angie # 4 Singer Math Jimmy # 4 Singer Math	Sullivan Reading (see Monday)	Paui #11 Com.Tutor Angie #11 Com.Tutor Jimmy #12 System 80	Game Day
10:25 - 11:00	··· CONFEREN	NCE TIME	AND PLA	ANNING •	• • • • • • • •
):25, 3	Need Materials #7 Record #7 Player, #7 Listening #7 to story, Draw a	Phonics We Use System 80 System 80	Phoni cs Game	Tutorette Tutorette Mini-System Mini-System	
10:00 - 10:25 Grade 3	Need Need Need Need Need Need Need Need	Jose #9 Ph Sandra#9 V Lee # 1 Sy Mitch # 2 Sy	Jose # 10 Lee # 10 Ph Sandra # 10 G Mitch # 10	Lee #1&2 Tu Mitch #1&2 Tu Jose #2 Mini Sandra#2 Mini	Game Day
9:30 - 10:00 10:00 - 10 Grade 2 Grade	'	r # 9 h # 2 h 2		Chuck #9 Bill #9 Phoro-Vis Mitch #1&2 Tu Mary #9 Game Jose #2 Mini Jerry #9 Sandra #2 Mini	Game Day Game Day
	Jose Lee Sandra Mitch	 #1 Language Jose #9 #2 Master Sandra#9 k #6 SRA Lee # 1 #6 SRA Mitch # 2 	 # 1 Cyclo Jose # 10 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 10 # 10 # 10 Mitch # 10 	k # 7 # 9 Phono-Vis Mitch #1&2 # 9 Game Jose # 2 # 9 Sandra # 2	

LAB MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE

ERIC Full Task Provided by ERIC

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* See following page for Need Codes

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LAB MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE - continued

CODES FOR CHILDREN'S NEEDS

(see chart page 34)

- 1 Learning short a
- 2 Learning short e
- 3 Reading
- 4 Math
- 5 Learning short o
- 6 Word Families Spelling
- 7 Reading Comprehension
- 8 Sums Less than 10
- 9 Phonics
- 10 Short Vowels
- 11 8 x 7 Tables
- 12 Sums 10-20 Minuends

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